

# 2016 Mid Power LED



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### **Features:**

- High efficacy
- CRI Options: Minimum 70, 80, 90
- Low thermal resistance
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment
- Compatible with infrared reflow solder process
- RoHs compatible
- RoHs and REACH compliant

## **Applications**

- Linear fluorescent
- A-lamps
- Panel lighting

- Down lights
- Architectural lighting
- Panel ligting





# **Technology Overview**

Luminus XNOVA mid power LEDs are lighting class solutions designed for high performance general lighting applications. These state-of-the-art LEDs allow illumination engineers and designers to develop lighting solutions with maximum efficacy, brightness and overall quality.

### Reliability

XNOVA mid power LED is one of the most reliable light sources in the world today. Having passed a rigorous suite of environmental and mechanical stress tests, including mechanical shock, vibration, temperature cycling and humidity, it is fully qualified for use in a wide range of high performance and high efficacy lighting applications.

### **REACH & RoHS Compliance**

The XNOVA 2016 mid power LED is compliant to the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive or RoHS. The restricted materials including lead, mercury cadmium hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) and polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE) are not used.

# **Understanding XNOVA™ Mid Power LED Test Specifications**

Every XNOVA LED is fully tested to ensure it meets the high quality standards customers have come to expect from Luminus products.

### **Testing Temperature**

XNOVA Mid Power products are measured at a junction temperature of 25C and placed into intensity, chromaticity and voltage bins as described here in





### **Product Selection Table**

Test condition = 60 mA, 25 °C

Nominal CCT	Minimum CRI	Ordering Part Number	Minimum Flux (Lumens)	Typical Flux (Lumens)
27004	80	MP-2016-1100-27-80	20	22
2700K	90	MP-2016-1100-27-90	18	20
3000K	80	MP-2016-1100-30-80	20	22
2000K	90	MP-2016-1100-30-90	18	20
2500K	80	MP-2016-1100-35-80	22	24
3500K	90	MP-2016-1100-35-90	20	22
	70	MP-2016-1100-40-70	24	26
4000K	80	MP-2016-1100-40-80	22	24
	90	MP-2016-1100-40-90	18	22
5000K	70	MP-2016-1100-50-70	24	27
JUUUK	80	MP-2016-1100-50-80	22	24
57001/	70	MP-2016-1100-57-70	24	26
5700K	80	MP-2016-1100-57-80	22	23
65001/	70	MP-2016-1100-65-70	24	26
6500K	80	MP-2016-1100-65-80	22	24

\*Tolerance of measurements of the luminous flux is  $\pm 7\%$ 

\* Tolerance of measurements of the CRI is  $\pm 2$ 

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\*IFP condition with Pulse: Width  $\leq$ 100 $\mu$ s Duty cycle  $\leq$ 1/10





### **2016 Mid Power Operating Characteristics**

#### **Optical and Electrical Characteristics(Ta=25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Condition
Forward Voltage	VF	2.8	3.0	3.4	V	IF=60mA
Reverse Current	Ir			10	uA	VR=5V
View Angle	201/2		110		o	IF=60mA
Thermal Resistance	Rth <sub>j-sp</sub>		35		°C/W	IF=60mA
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD	1000			V	

Note 1: To prevent damage refer to operating conditions and derating curves for appropriate maximum operating conditions

Note 2: Maximum operating case temperature combined with maximum drive current defines the total maximum operating condition for the device. To prevent damage, please follow derating curves for all operating conditions.

Note 3: Mid power LEDs are designed for operation up to an absolute maximum forward drive current as specified above. Product lifetime data is specified at typical forward drive currents. Sustained operation at absolute maximum currents will result in a reduction of device lifetime compared to typical forward drive currents. Actual device lifetimes will also depend on case temperature. Refer to the current vs. case temperature derating curves for further information.

Note 4: Caution must be taken not to stare at the light emitted from these LEDs. Under special circumstances, the high intensity could damage the eye.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Forward Current	lf	120	mA
Pulse Forward Current	IFP	200	mA
Power Dissipation	Pd	816	mW
Reverse Voltage	Vr	5	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40~+80	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~+80	°C
Junction Temperature	τJ	115	°C
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	230 °C or 260 °C for 10 sec	

\*IFP condition with Pulse: Width  $\leq$  100µs Duty cycle  $\leq$  1/10

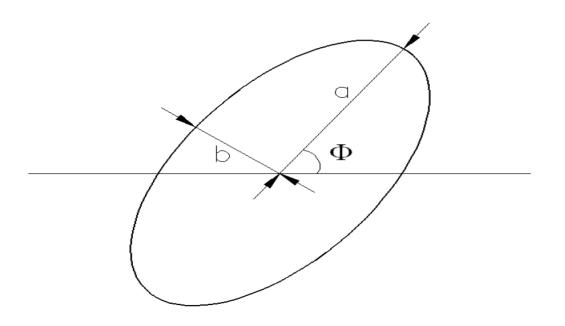




### **Color Bins**

Color Code	Center		Radius		Angle(deg)
	х	у	а	b	Φ
27m5	0.4582	0.4099	0.013500	0.00700	53.42
30m5	0.4342	0.4028	0.013900	0.00680	53.13
35m5	0.415	0.402	0.01545	0.0069	53.13
40m5	0.3825	0.3789	0.015650	0.00670	53.43
50m5	0.3451	0.3554	0.013700	0.00590	59.37
57m7	0.3290	0.3417	0.015645	0.00770	58.35
65m7	0.3130	0.3290	0.015610	0.006650	58.34

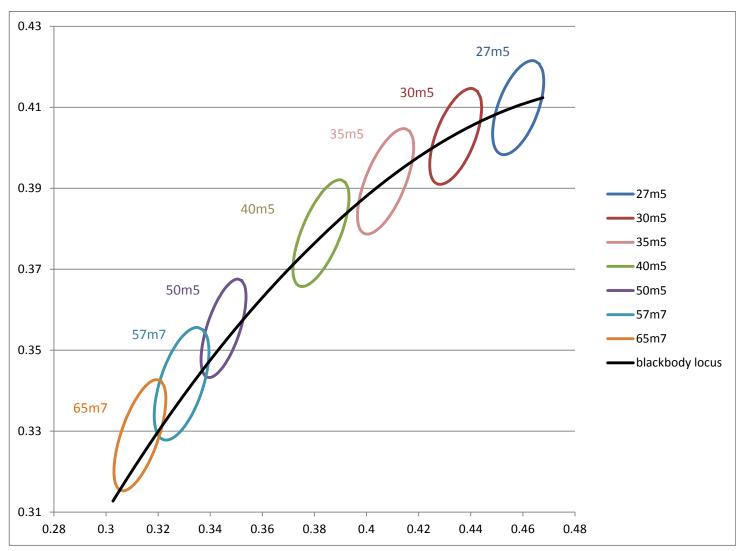
# **Ellipse Definition**



\*Note: Tolerance of measurements of the chromaticity Coordinate is ±0.005 Chromaticity coordinates as per ANSI standard.







### **Chromaticity Coordinate Group**



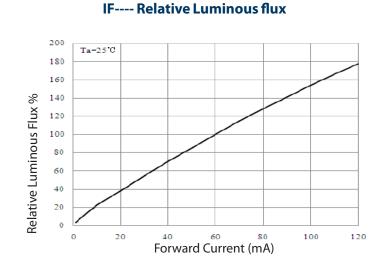


# 2016 Mid Power Product Datasheet

### **Typical optical/Electrical Characteristics Graphs**

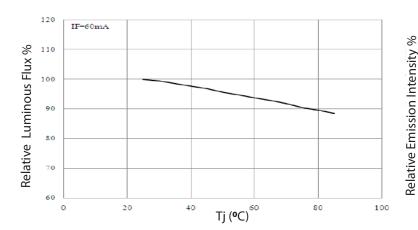
140 Ta=25°C 120 100 Forward Current (mA) 80 60 40 20 0 2.4 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.2 3.4 Forward Voltage (V)

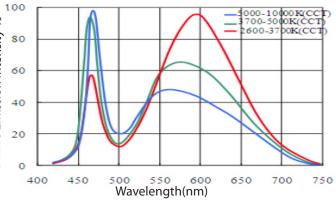
Vf-----IF



### **Tj-----Relative Luminous Flux**







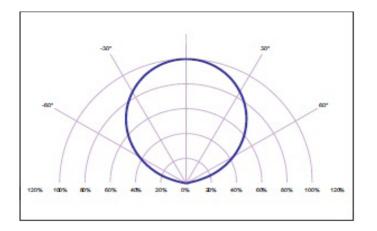


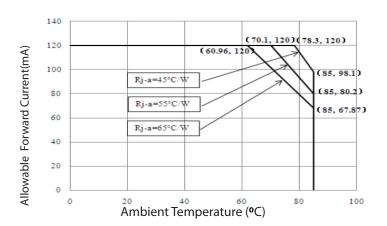


# 2016Mid Power Product Datasheet

### **Solder Profile**

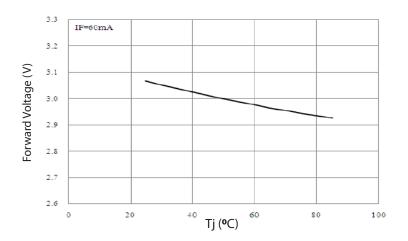
#### **Typical Polar Radiation Pattern**



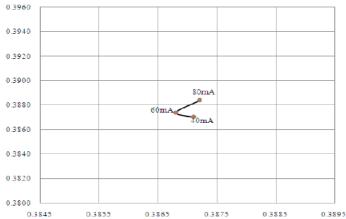


### Ambient Temperature-Allowable Forward Current

#### **Tj--Forward Voltage**



#### Forward Current -- Chromaticity Coordinate







# **Product Ordering and Shipping Part Number Nomenclature**

All mid power products are packaged and labeled with part numbers as outlined in below. When shipped, each reel will contain only a single flux and voltage bin. The part number designation is as follows:

## 2016 Mid Power LEDs

Mid Power	Package Type	Package Configurator	Nominal CCT	Minimum CRI
MP	2016	1100	##	##

Example:

The part number MP-2016-1100-30-80 refers to a 2016 mid power emitter with nominal color tempecture of 3,000k and minimum CRI of 80. Please refer to page 5 for a description of available CCT and CRI combinations.

Note 1:	CCT Codes:	Note 2:	CRI Codes:
	27 = 2700  k		70
	30= 3000 k		80
	35=3500 k		90
	40 = 4000  k		
	50 = 5000  k		
	57= 5700 k		
	65 = 6500  k		

Each mid power product shipped will be labeled with its specific flux and voltage bins. Not all bins listed are available in all CCTs and CRIs.

Luminus Flux Bins					
Bin Code	Minimum Flux (Lumens)	Maximum Flux (Lumens)			
D1	17	18			
D2	18	20			
D3	20	22			
D4	22	24			
D5	24	26			

### Forward Voltage Bins (Ta=25°C)

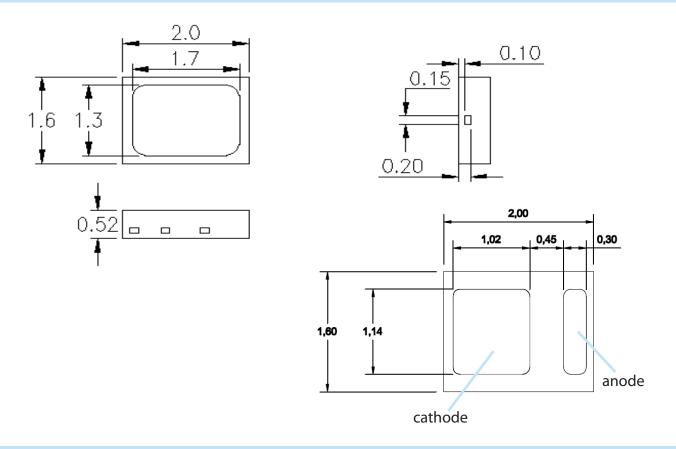
Bin Code	Minimum Voltage (Volts)	Maximum Voltage ( Volts)			
В	2.8	2.9			
С	2.9	3.0			
D	3.0	3.1			
E	3.1	3.2			
F	3.2	3.3			
G	3.3	3.4			

 $^{\star}$  Tolerance of measurements f the Forward Voltage is  $\pm 0.08V$ 





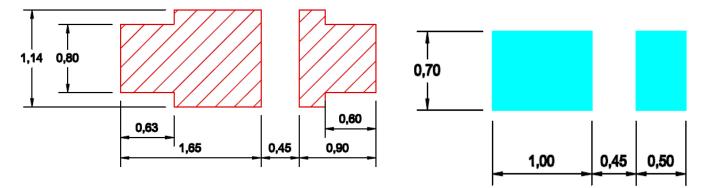
## Package Dimension (mm)



### **Recommended Soldering Pad Pattern and Stencil**



Stencil



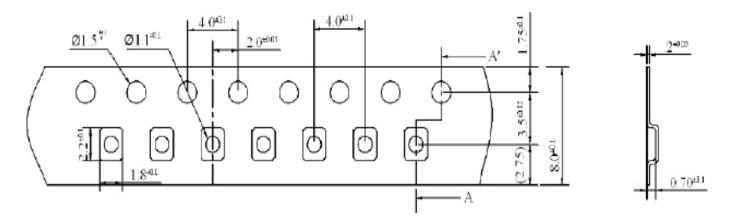
Note: tolerance : .X: ±0.10mm .XX: ±0.05mm

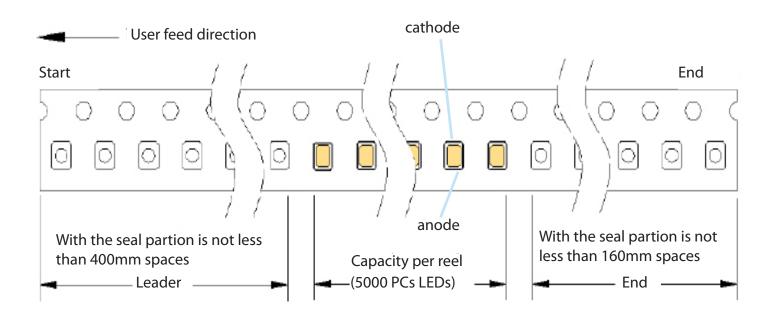




# 2016 Mid Power Product Datasheet

Package Dimensions Of Tape(mm)

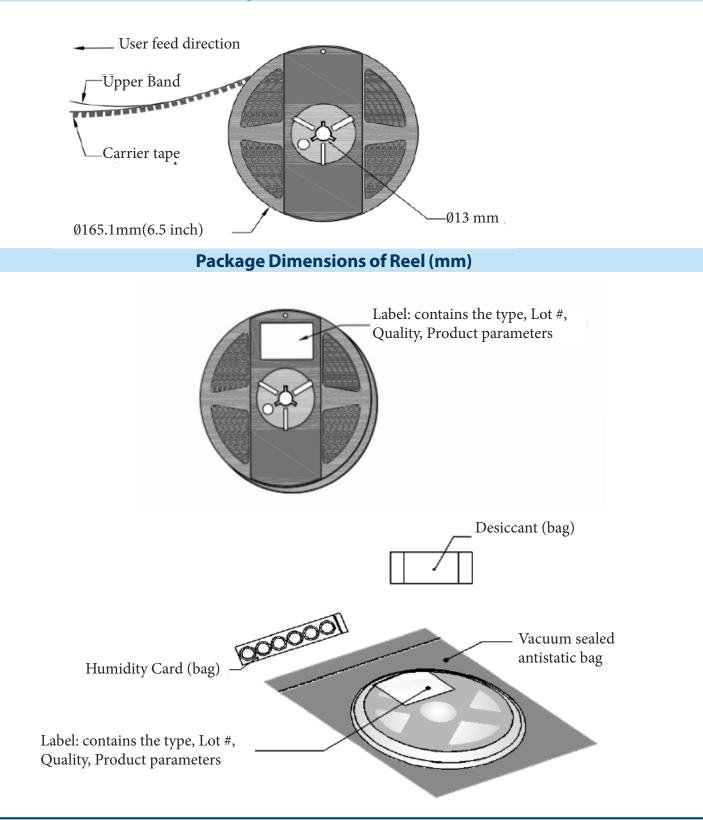








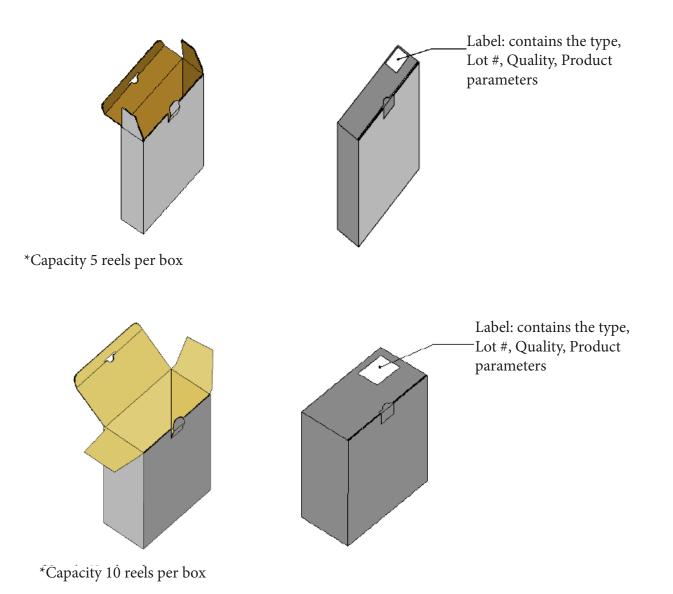
# Package Dimensions of Reel (mm)







### **Box Packaging Information**







### **Precaution for Use**

Storage:

1. Recommended storage condition:

At 5 °C - 30 °C and relative humidity 60% RH max.

2. After this bag is opened, devices that will be applied to infrared reflow, vapor- phase reflow, or equivalent soldering process must be :

a) Completed within 24 hours.

b) Stored at less than 30% RH.

- 3. Devices require baking before mounting, if : 2a or 2b is not met.
- 4) If baking is required, devices must be baked under below conditions: 24 hours at 60  $^\circ\rm C\pm5~^\circ\rm C.$

Static Electricity:

1. The products are sensitive to static electricity, and care should be taken when handling them.

2. Static electricity or surge voltage will damage the LEDs. It is recommended to wear a anti-electrostatic wristband or an anti-electrostatic gloves when handling the LEDs.

3. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that measures be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.

